

Healthy Homes Officer

Lillie Green

Introduction

**DAHA
accreditation**

**Reciprocal
model**

Domestic Abuse Housing Alliance Accreditation (DAHA)

Launched in September of 2014,

DAHA embeds the best practice learned and implemented by its 3 founding partners.

Established set of standards and an accreditation process.

DAHA is a partnership between three organisations - Standing Together Against Domestic Abuse, Peabody and Gentoo.

DAHA will prevent a “post code lottery” and help to implement positive change to provide a better quality of service to all victims.

8 priority areas: Policy and Procedures, Staff development and support, partnerships and collaboration, safety led case management, Victim/survivor led support, intersectional and anti racist practice, perpetrator accountability and publicity and awareness raising.



daha

Domestic Abuse Housing Alliance

DAHA Aims

Improve	Improve confidence in identifying & dealing with domestic abuse
Standardise	Standardise process so people experiencing domestic abuse get right response from housing every time
Increase	Increase skills & interaction with local services and mechanisms including specialist domestic abuse services and MARAC
Reduce	Reduce costs to housing providers from DA related repairs, turnover of stock & rent arrears
Reduce	Reduce cost to public purse via earlier interventions by housing providers

The housing Reciprocal

The Pan-London Housing Reciprocal is a unique and innovative scheme that offers long-term and affordable housing for social tenants fleeing domestic abuse and other forms of violence.

Housing Reciprocal would be a housing pathway for people with a social housing tenancy in LLR who are at high risk of harm where they live.

People with social tenancies who are at serious risk of harm, can access another social tenancy in a different borough in LLR and remain safe.

Allow survivors of violence, abuse or exploitation to move to safety without sacrificing their social tenancies.

Works as a 'central pot' rather than a direct swap between two applicants. If a family is successfully rehoused, their landlord will owe a property to the scheme and the landlord who rehoused them will be owed a property.



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